AGENDA INFORMATION ☐ Regular Meeting ☐ Other: Date: March 8, 2021 Date: Date:

Dept. Manager	GM/ Director	CAO
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The District of North Vancouver REPORT TO COUNCIL

February 10, 2021

File:

AUTHOR: Megan Curren

SUBJECT: UBCM Resolution: Provincial Circular Economy Strategy

RECOMMENDATION:

THAT the UBCM Resolution: Provincial Circular Economy Strategy is supported for LMLGA consideration:

WHEREAS the provisioning and management of goods and food consumed by BC communities produces excessive and unnecessary quantities of waste, pollution and carbon emissions that threatens human and environmental health;

WHEREAS the concept of a Circular Economy provides a vision and framework to design out waste and pollution, keep products and materials in use and regenerate natural systems to help BC communities move towards Zero Waste;

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that UBCM request that the Province of BC develop a Provincial Circular Economy strategy.

REASON FOR REPORT:

We are in a planetary emergency, urgent system change is required. Part of this transformation is moving from a linear ("take-make-waste") economy to a circular economy.

BACKGROUND:

The provisioning and management of food and goods consumed by BC Communities produces quantities of waste, pollution and carbon emissions that exceed equitable per capita environmental limits. The average British Columbian is consuming materials at a rate 3x what the earth can sustain¹ and Canadians in general are one of the highest per capita generators of waste in the world.² Through a "by systems" analysis of GHG emissions, nearly 50% of

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¹ https://www.footprintnetwork.org/our-work/ecological-footprint/

²https://www.usatoday.com/story/money/2019/07/12/canada-united-states-worlds-biggest-producers-of-waste/39534923

North American emissions result from the extraction, production, transportation, consumption and disposal of materials for the provisioning of goods and food. ³ As a global community we have exceeded key environmental limits in terms of per capita GHG emissions, land conversion, loss of biodiversity and chemical pollution. ⁴ With the large amount of materials consumed and disposed of by British Columbians, an increased effort to transition out of our current linear take-make-waste economic system is necessary to do our fair share for the health of the planet.

The concepts of Zero Waste and Circular Economy provide a Vision and Policy Framework to transition BC's economy to sustainably provision and manage the materials it consumes. ZWIA defines Zero Waste as:

"The conservation of all resources by means of responsible production, consumption, reuse, and recovery of products, packaging, and materials without burning and with no discharges to land, water, or air that threaten the environment or human health." ⁵

To date, hundreds of local governments have adopted Zero Waste as the ultimate goal for waste reduction efforts. The concept of the Circular Economy broadens the vision of Zero Waste and establishes a concrete model that couples economic well-being with environmental sustainability. The concept of the "Circular Economy" is in contrast to the linear "take-makewaste" economy and can be characterized as:

"An industrial economy that is, by design or intention, restorative and in which material flows are of two types, biological nutrients, which are designed to re-enter the biosphere safely, and technical nutrients, which are designed to circulate at high quality without entering the biosphere. Materials are consistently reused rather than discharged as waste." 6

A circular economy operates on three key principles; designing out waste and pollution, keeping materials in use and regenerating natural systems.⁷

There is a need for a comprehensive provincial circular economy strategy to improve BC's waste reduction efforts and to take advantage of emerging economic opportunities. To date, waste reduction policy, has been focused on "downstream" interventions looking for disposal alternatives to materials such as composting and recycling collection for selected materials. Critical "upstream" drivers of waste, pollution and GHG's resulting from the types and origins

³ https://www.no-burn.org/wp-content/uploads/PPI-Climate-Change-White-Paper-September-2009.pdf

⁴https://www.stockholmresilience.org/research/planetary-boundaries/planetary-boundaries/about-the-research/the-nine-planetary-boundaries.html

⁵ http://zwia.org/zero-waste-definition/

⁶Jurisdictional Scan for Circular Economy, Final Report; BC Ministry of Environment; https://delphi.ca/wp-content/uploads/2019/09/delphi_circular_economy_scan.pdf

⁷ https://www.ellenmacarthurfoundation.org/circular-economy/concept

of products entering into local economies and the infrastructure and services necessary to keep materials in circulation have not been given adequate attention.

Currently only 9% of BC's economy is circular in nature, with too few measures in place to address the other 91% of materials still following the linear take-make-waste path. A circular economy strategy would provide the vision and framework to adequately prioritize and identify policy initiatives capable of addressing the systems change necessary. These include addressing product design, shortening supply chains and expanding circular material management such as repair, re-use, sharing and remanufacturing capacity.

A comprehensive circular economy strategy with benchmarked targets for increasing circularity would provide a clearer road map of what needs to be accomplished, allowing the province to best utilize its powers in supporting local governments in tackling the waste issue and create sustainable jobs. It is also an important step in addressing global social inequity, where the consequences of over-consumption and extraction are borne by those who have done the least harm, primarily in the Global South.

Options:

- 1. THAT the motion as presented in UBCM Resolution: Provincial Circular Economy Strategy is supported; or,
- 2. THAT the motion is not supported.

Respectfully submitted,

Megan Curren Councillor

Attachments

Attachment 1: Linear vs. Circular Economy

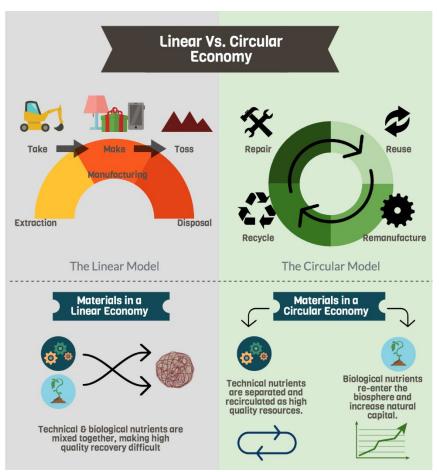
Attachment 2: Why Switch to a Circular Economy Attachment 3: How Do We Make The Switch?

SUBJECT: UBCM Resolution: Provincial Circular Economy Strategy February 24, 2021

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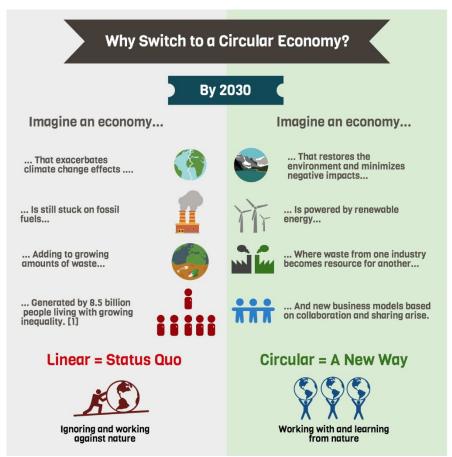
REVIEWED WITH:			
☐ Community Planning	☐ Clerk's Office	External Agencies:	
☐ Development Planning	☐ Communications	☐ Library Board	
☐ Development Engineering	—— Finance	☐ NS Health	
☐ Utilities	☐ Fire Services	☐ RCMP	
☐ Engineering Operations		□ NVRC	
☐ Parks	□ Solicitor	☐ Museum & Arch.	
☐ Environment	GIS	Other:	
☐ Facilities	Real Estate		
☐ Human Resources	☐ Bylaw Services		
Review and Compliance	□ Planning		
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Attachment 1:



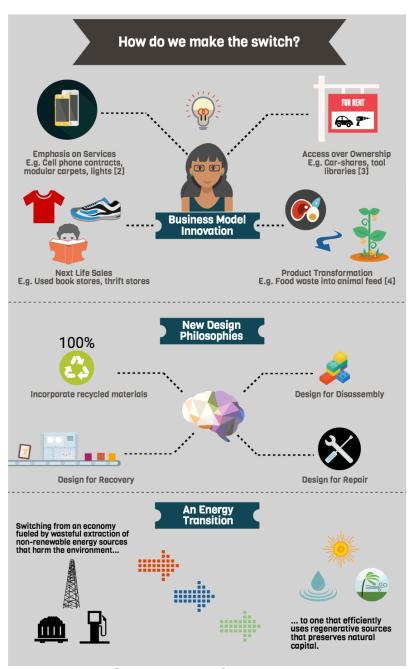
Source: Recycling Council British Columbia

Attachment 2



Source: Recycling Council British Columbia

Attachment 3



Source: Recycling Council British Columbia

